ORDER
OF THE MINISTER OF ENERGY OF THE REPUBLIC OF LITHUANIA

ON APPROVAL OF THE PLAN FOR APPLYING RESTRICTIONS ON THE SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

24 May 2013 No 1-107
Vilnius


1. I hereby approve the Plan for Applying Restrictions on the Supply and Consumption of Petroleum Products (appended).

2. I hereby establish that energy undertakings must revise the energy emergency preparedness plans drawn up in accordance with item 11 of the Description of the Procedure for Supplying Consumers with Energy and/or Energy Resources in the Event of an Energy Emergency approved by Resolution No 12 of 13 January 2003 of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, taking into account the measures specified in the Plan for Applying Restrictions on the Supply and Consumption of Petroleum Products approved by this order.

MINISTER OF ENERGY

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PLAN FOR APPLYING RESTRICTIONS ON THE SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The Plan for Applying Restrictions on the Supply and Consumption of Petroleum Products (hereinafter referred to as “the Plan”) establishes measures to stabilise the supply and/or reduce the consumption of petroleum products when an energy emergency (hereinafter referred to as an “emergency”) is declared and the Republic of Lithuania complies with international obligations related to an international decision of the International Energy Agency Governing Board on collective action under the 18 November 1974 Agreement on an International Energy Program (hereinafter referred to as an “international decision”).

2. The Plan must be adhered to by state and municipal institutions and bodies, energy undertakings, and other legal and natural persons who consume energy resources or energy (hereinafter referred to as “consumers”).

3. The terms used in the Plan shall correspond to the terms defined in the Republic of Lithuania Law on Energy, the Republic of Lithuania Law on State Stocks of Petroleum Products and Crude Oil, and the Republic of Lithuania Law on Civil Protection.

CHAPTER II
PETROLEUM PRODUCT SUPPLY DISRUPTION LEVELS AND APPLICABLE PROCEDURES

4. The petroleum product supply disruption levels are:
4.1. Level 1 – when there is substantiated information from energy undertakings about a disruption in the supply of petroleum products or crude oil which the energy undertakings cannot control, and this disruption may affect the supply of energy resources to consumers;
4.2. Level 2 – when there is a disruption in the normal supply of petroleum products or crude oil to energy undertakings and consumers, which the energy undertakings cannot predict in a timely manner or manage, due to external factors beyond the control of the energy undertakings.

5. The Ministry of Energy of the Republic of Lithuania (hereinafter referred to as the “Ministry of Energy”), upon assessing the information of energy undertakings regarding disruptions in the supply of petroleum products or crude oil and establishing a Level 1 petroleum product supply disruption, shall:
5.1. call the Ministry of Energy Emergency Operations Centre (hereinafter referred to as the “Operations Centre”) discuss the petroleum product supply disruptions;
5.2. inform the Fire and Rescue Department about the petroleum product supply disruptions.

6. The Ministry of Energy, upon assessing the information of energy undertakings regarding disruptions in the supply of petroleum products or crude oil and establishing a Level 2 petroleum product supply disruption, shall:
6.1. discuss the petroleum product supply disruptions and the consequences thereof at the Operations Centre;
6.2. inform the Fire and Rescue Department about the petroleum product supply disruptions and the consequences thereof;
6.3. submit a proposal to the Government of the Republic of Lithuania (hereinafter...
referred to as “the Government”) to declare an emergency, specifying the reasons for the emergency and a proposal concerning the measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products established in the Plan that may be applied during the emergency;

7. The Ministry of Energy, having received information about the resumption of oil products or oil supply and assessed that the supply of oil products to consumers without disturbances or energy companies can manage these disturbances by economic methods, submits a proposal to the Government to lift the emergency.

8. In the event of an international decision, in accordance with the procedure established in Article 15(3) of the Law on State Stocks of Petroleum Products and Crude Oil, the measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products established in the Plan may be applied. The Ministry of Energy shall evaluate the measures for reducing the consumption of petroleum products submitted by the international decision and, in accordance with the procedure established for a Level 2 petroleum product supply disruption in item 6 of the Plan, shall submit a proposal to the Government on the application of measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products. In submitting a proposal to the Government, the Ministry of Energy shall take into account the measures proposed by the International Energy Agency for reducing the consumption of petroleum products.

CHAPTER III
MEASURES FOR RESTRICTING THE SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND IMPLEMENTATION OF MEASURES

9. Measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products which may be applied during an emergency:

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<th>Row No</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Enforcers</th>
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| 9.1.   | Reducing the speed limit on motorways and main roads to:  
  a) 90 km/h  
  b) 80 km/h | The Lithuanian Road Administration, the Ministry of Transport and Communications, the Ministry of Internal Affairs and the Police Department shall ensure the introduction of speed limits for all vehicles on motorways and main roads. |
| 9.2.   | Limit on retail fuel sales for transit freight transport (e.g up to 150 litre) | Undertakings selling petroleum products must comply with limits on fuel sales. |
| 9.3.   | Restriction of passenger vehicles in residential areas:  
  a) driving all vehicles is permitted except those whose vehicle registration plate ends in a certain digit from 0 to 9, i.e. a 10-day period during which up to 90% of vehicle traffic is possible each day;  
  b) vehicles can be driven on alternating days, based on whether the last digit of the vehicle registration plate is an even or odd number; this measure limits vehicle traffic by 50%. | The Municipalities and other institutions shall ensure the procedure for the ban on driving passenger vehicles. |
<p>| 9.4.   | Promotion of flexible working hours and remote working (e.g. to create conditions for employees to work from home and provide opportunities to select | The employers. |</p>
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<th>Row No</th>
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<td>Working hours)</td>
<td>a) The Municipalities.</td>
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<td>9.5</td>
<td>Promotion of public transport:</td>
<td>b) the Ministry of Transport and Communications and the Municipalities.</td>
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<td>a) adjust or change public transport routes according to the needs of the society;</td>
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<td>b) shall introduce partially or completely free public transport.</td>
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<td>9.6</td>
<td>Additional measures:</td>
<td>a) The Municipalities and the Ministry of Energy;</td>
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<td>a) dissemination of measures to reduce energy consumption, the development of effective driving habits through mass media;</td>
<td>b) The Municipalities;</td>
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<td>b) ban on motor sport events;</td>
<td>c) The Municipalities;</td>
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<td>c) increase vehicle parking charges and restrict traffic in residential areas or certain parts thereof;</td>
<td>d) undertakings selling petroleum products must comply with restrictions on opening hours and/or fuel trade.</td>
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<td>d) restrictions on the sale of fuels at retail outlets and/or restrictions on the opening hours of fuel retail outlets.</td>
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10. In the event of an emergency, the Ministry of Energy may, in order to reduce the consumption of petroleum products and taking into account measures proposed by the European Commission or the International Energy Agency to reduce the consumption of petroleum products, propose to the Government measures other than those specified in item 9 of the Plan.

11. The Government, when declaring an emergency and/or in the event of the implementation of an international decision, shall establish measures to restrict the supply and consumption of petroleum products and their executors, who must implement the applicable measures to restrict the supply and consumption of petroleum products.

12. Following the declaration of an emergency:
12.1. energy undertakings shall begin implementing the energy emergency preparedness plans, having regard to the applicable measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products;
12.2. the director of the municipal administration shall implement the measures developed in accordance with item 8 of the Procedure for Supplying Consumers with Energy and/or Energy Resources in the Event of an Energy Emergency approved by Resolution No 12 of 13 January 2003 of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania “On Approval of the Procedure for Supplying Consumers with Energy and/or Energy Resources in the Event of an Energy Emergency”;
12.3. energy undertakings must provide information related to the implementation of the measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products to the Ministry of Energy and the authorities responsible for the implementation and control of these measures;
12.4. the Ministry of Energy informs consumers about the applicable measures to restrict the supply and consumption of petroleum products through the media;
12.5. energy undertakings and consumers shall cooperate to ensure that the petroleum product market is affected as little as possible and market supply of petroleum products or their substitutes is maintained.

13. Authorized consumption stocks is distributed to companies with a network of trade (distribution to consumers) of petroleum products in proportion to the market share of these companies before the declaration of the state of emergency and the respective territory.

CHAPTER IV
CONTROL OF MEASURES FOR RESTRICTING THE SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

14. Following the introduction of measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products, Statistics Lithuania shall provide the Ministry of Energy with data on actual gross domestic deliveries of petroleum products at the intervals specified by the Ministry of Energy for as long as the measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products are in place.

15. Public Institution Lithuanian Energy Agency analyzes and evaluates measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products as set out in the Plan and submits proposals to the Ministry of Energy.

16. Measures for restricting the supply and consumption of petroleum products shall, in accordance with their competence, be controlled by the National Energy Regulatory Council, the State Tax Inspectorate under the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Lithuania, the Customs Department under the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Lithuania, the Lithuanian Police Department, and other state and municipal institutions and bodies, within their competence.